I WANT TO KNOW...

Where Can I Get Funding, Training, and Technical Assistance for My Agency?



The Panel

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FUNDING

Where do you go for funding

Federal Grants

- ✓ US Department of Justice
- ✓ Department of Homeland Security
- √ Grants.gov

State Grants

- √ State administrating agencies (DOJ & DHS)
- ✓ State lead agency
- National Foundations
- State or Local Foundation
- National and Local business doing business in your community.



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FEMA Grants	Policy & Guidance	Tools
Preparedness Grants	Procurement & Contracting	Authorized Equipment List
Hazard Mitigation Assistance Grants	"Buy America" Preference	Benefit-Cost Analysis
Resilience Grants	2 CFR Policy Updates	Environmental & Historic Preservation Guidance
Emergency Food and Shelter Program		FEMA Grants Outcomes (FEMA GO)
		Non-Disaster Grants Management System

fema.gov/grants



Office of Justice Programs (OJP)?

- OJP provides grant funding, training, research, and statistics to the criminal justice community.
- OJP is one of three grant-making components of the Department of Justice along with the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) and the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)

Office of Justice Programs

BJA - Bureau of Justice Assistance

BJS - Bureau of Justice Statistics

NIJ - National Institute of Justice

OVC - Office for Victims of Crime

OJJDP - Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

SMART - Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking

Types of BJA Grants

Discretionary

- Awarded <u>directly</u> by OJP to eligible recipients.
- Applicants apply directly to OJP/BJA.
- Most often awarded on a competitive basis.
- Applications undergo a preliminary review process to ensure that they are complete and meet the eligibility requirements and many are also peer reviewed.

Formula

- Are usually administered and managed by State Administering Agencies or other BJAapproved fiscal agents.
- Are most often on a noncompetitive basis.
- Distribution of funds to eligible recipients is either statutorily defined or defined by a distribution process that is specified by BJA.

COPS Office Grant Programs

PROGRAM

COPS Hiring Program (CHP)

School Violence Prevention Program (SVPP)

Community Policing Development (CPD)

Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness (LEMHWA)

Tribal Resources Grant Program (TRGP)
Support for the DOJ Tribal Access Program

Anti-Heroin Task Force Program (AHTF)

Anti-Methamphetamine Task Force Program (AHTF)

STATE ADMINISTRATING AGENCY

Overview

Many OJP formula grants are awarded directly to state governments, which then set priorities and allocate funds within that state. For more information on how a state intends to distribute formula grant funds, contact the appropriate state administering agency (SAA). If you are using grant monies for information technology, you can comply with the special condition by contacting the State and Territory Technology Points of Contact in your state.



Texas SAA



Utah SAA

Vermont SAA

Virginia SAA

Washington SAA

West Virginia SAA

Wisconsin SAA

Wyoming SAA

American Samoa SAA

Guam SAA

Mariana Islands SAA

Puerto Rico SAA

Virgin Islands SAA

Clarifying the idea so others understand

- An idea of one is not always understandable by others
- It's important to use general terms and avoid "lingo" terminology
- When developing the idea think about who will;
 - Read or review it
 - Be affected
 - Approve it
 - o Implement/manage
- Is there a need and do others agree
- Will it solve a problem
- Can it be funded

Bringing an idea to reality

- It is important that the idea or project can be clearly stated
- Every idea MUST have;

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OExecutive Summary
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- ✓ NO MORE than 2 ½ pages
- ✓The problem
- √The solution (include methodology)
- √The time
- √The cost

oThe "elevator speech"

- ✓ Ability to clearly state the project in a short amount of time
- ✓ Convey the value; not only to you, but the masses (including that person)
- Strong strategic champion
- oKnow the difference between "start up" and "proof-of-concept"

Developing a partnership

- It is important identify all the potential partners
- The development of an advisory group can be beneficial
 - This group can serve as the "strategic champion"
 - Can assist with education of others
- Documentation of the partners and regular meetings are important
 - o Informal vs formal
 - Memorandums of understanding (MOU)
 - Letters of agreement/participation
- This will be a positive element when seeking funding
- Will assist with the development and implementation

Creating a plan

- What is the focus
- It is important to Identify the specific need(s)
- What items/issues/problems will this solve or improve
- In any plan it can be difficult to stay focused
 - o Beware of mission creep
 - Know the theory of "parking lot"
 - o Changes need to be shared with partners and well documented
- What elements are part of the development and implementation
- How will this be evaluated
- Maintenance and continued funding

Quotes from actual grant reviewers

"If you haven't told us what you want by the end of the third paragraph, chances are you are not going to get it."

- Phillips Petroleum Foundation

Questions to Ask

- How many grants will be awarded in the next funding cycle?
- How much money is available?
- Is there a predetermined award distribution?
- How many applications are expected?
- If my grant application doesn't get funding this year, could it be considered for funding next year?
- Is there a higher priority to continuation grants than to new proposals?
- Is there any technical assistance or sample grants of successful awards?

Pre-application items

- Identify the participants/partners
- Inventory of software/hardware
- Identify a clear mission
 - What you want to do
 - How you'd like to do it
 - Have a clear written plan

- Create an advisory committee
 - o Begin meeting
 - Reach common ground
- Create/sign MOU/MOA with partners
- Implement standards

Applications should reflect:

- Provided a strong, representative team
- The project is replicable or transportable
- The project provides considerable value to other states
- The timeline presented was realistic
- The project description included measurable objectives
- Funds requested are reasonable

Quotes from actual grant reviewers

"If the budget doesn't add up correctly, I don't want to fund it."

- Texas State Grant Review Team

Receiving the grant is just the beginning

- As a grantee you have responsibilities
- •Reports required need to be completed on time
- A strong financial process is imperative
- •Are your bound to and other grants that require reporting
- Download and maintain any reference documents

Once received there still is work to be done

•What are the reporting requirement and timeframes

•Financial requirements

- Document and receipt everything
- Know the rules for spending and allowable items
- Are there "drawdown" rules
- Submittal of reports is crucial
- •What are the rules for making changes?

Evaluation shows success or failure

- •Know the performance measures your expected to complete and the data needed
- •Selecting the right individual(s) to manage the evaluation is important
- •Know when they are due
- •Be as complete as possible
- •This may be a determining factor for future funding

Why applications don't make the grade

- •Vague generalizations, promises, and unwarranted assumptions
- Overuse of boilerplate material/templates
- •Didn't sell the project to the reviewer, no significance
- Application objectives did not match funder's objectives
- Objectives are too ambiguous/unrealistic
- •Budget out of range based on total funding amount
- Duplication of services within community

OTHER REASONS APPLICATIONS NOT FUNDED

- Not meeting the guidelines
- No clear mission or description of project
- Failure to answer questions
- Roles of partners not defined
- Required partners not identified

- Failure to follow directions
 - Length/spacing
 - Number of copies
 - Binding
 - Attachments
- Deadline
- Grant history
- No performance measures

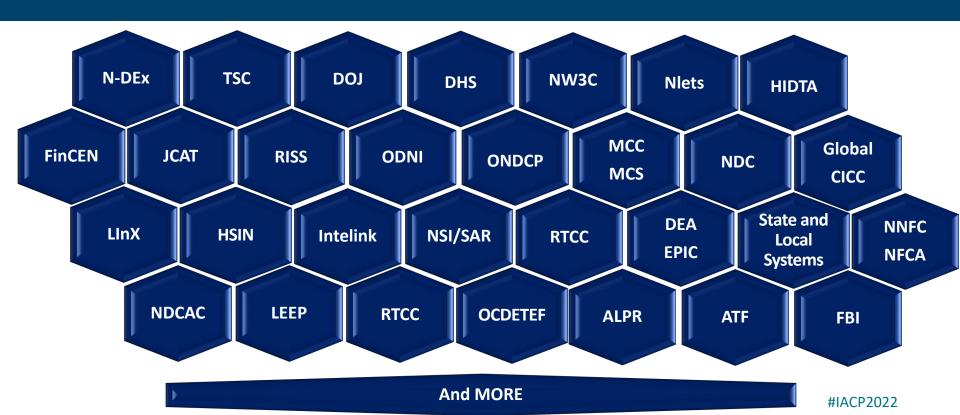
Tips:

- Never be afraid to apply or ask
- •You won't get everyone you apply for, but 40% is better than average
- •Make sure you fit THEIR guidelines, don't try to adapt and provide questionable information
- •Be focused on the goals and objectives, the more specific the better . . . general is difficult to measure
- •Provide EVERYTHING they ask for . . . if a provided form does not apply, submit it with that marked on it

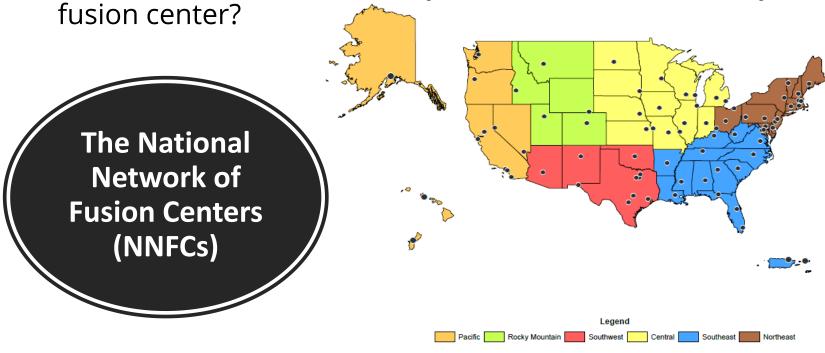


TRAINING & RESOURCES

Building Blocks for Resources and Services



• What is a fusion center? Do you know how to contact your



 What is a SAR? Do you know how to complete a SAR report or where to send it?

FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK

Online SAR Training for Law Enforcement and Hometown Security Partners



 What if you grab a phone or computer from a crime scene do you know what to do with it or whom to send it to?



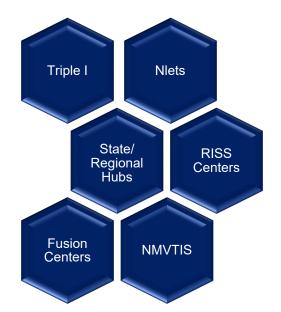
• If you are working undercover, do you deconflict your

operation?

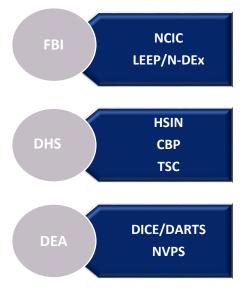


The data sources available to you?

State and Local Law Enforcement Data Sources



Federal Data Sources



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MORE RESOURCES



Responding to First Amendment-Protected Events:
The Role of State and Local Law Enforcement Officers









BJA Resources Available for Grant Applicants

Application Assistance

Grants.gov

Provides technical assistance with submitting the SF-424 and SF-LLL.

- •Customer Support Hotline 800-518-4726 or 606-545-5035
 - •Operates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except on federal holidays.
- •Email
 - https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support.html
 - •support@grants.gov

Provides information on available federal funding opportunities for various federal agencies.

JustGrants Technical Support

Provides technical assistance with submitting the full application in DOJ's Justice Grants System (JustGrants).

- •Customer Support Hotline 833-872-5175
 - •Monday Friday between 5:00 AM and 9:00 PM EST.
 - •Saturday, Sunday, and Federal holidays from 9:00 AM 5:00 PM EST.

•Email

- https://justicegrants.usdoj.gov/user-support
- •JustGrants.Support@usdoj.gov

OJP Response Center

Provides solicitation support and general assistance.

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email - grants@ncjrs.gov
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web chat - https://webcontact.ncjrs.gov/ncjchat/chat.jsp

toll free at 800-851-3420;

TTY at 301–240–6310 (hearing impaired only)

Subscribe

Subscribe to receive email notifications of new funding opportunities and other resources.

Sign-up to receive the twice monthly JUSTINFO newsletter as well as the weekly Funding News email.

Subscribe at https://www.ojp.gov/subscribe and be sure to select "Grants/funding" as an area of interest.

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Resources for Grant Applicants

OJP Funding Resource Center

https://ojp.gov/funding/index.htm

DOJ Grants Financial Guide

https://ojp.gov/financilaguidedoj/overview

DOJ Grants Financial Management Online Training

https://www.ojp.gov/training/financial-management-training

OJP Grant Application Resource Guide

https://ojp.gov/funding/Apply/Resources/Grant-App-Resource-

Guide.htm

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Funding Webinars

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To help potential applicants, the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) and BJA training and technical assistance providers host funding webinars to provide information about specific opportunities, capture guidance on how to apply, and answer questions. As webinars are announced, they will be included on this page. When available, materials from the webinars held will be included below.

Upcoming Events

Funding Webinars



TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE



Law Enforcement Cyber Center

www.iacpcybercenter.org

SERVING

Chiefs

Officers

Prosecutors

THROUGH DEVELOPMENT AND DELIVERY OF



Trainings/Conferences
Investigative Resources
Cyber Threat Bulletins
Digital Search Warrants











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Training & Technical Assistance

Overview &

BJA works with over 100 training and technical assistance (TTA) programs to meet the unique needs of grantees and other criminal justice practitioners and agencies. The objectives of BJA's TTA services are to:

- Provide information to grantees and criminal justice professionals to replicate model programs and approaches.
- · Increase knowledge and use of best practices, emerging technologies, and new models.
- · Support agencies and jurisdictions to identify and address operational and programmatic needs.

BJA's National Training and Technical Assistance Center (NTTAC) promotes BJA's mission by serving as a one-stop shop for BJA's justice-related training and technical assistance (TTA).



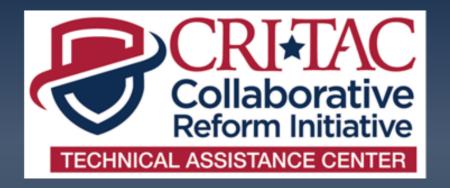
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Collaborative Reform Initiative Technical Assistance Center (CRI-TAC)

The Collaborative Reform Initiative Technical Assistance Center is here to help.

- Tailored, scalable solutions
- Informed by cutting-edge innovation and evidence-based and promising practices
- Designed in a collaborative manner with the agency
- Delivered by subject matter experts from the field
- No cost to the requesting agency



Services Provided

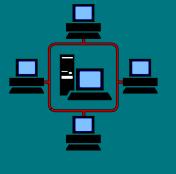
Resource Referral | Web-based Training In-person Training | Virtual Mentoring On-Site Consultation

Visit www.CollaborativeReform.org for more information and to request assistance.













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